

Section One: Vocabulary

Read each statement below carefully and fill in the blank(s) with the best answer

(1, 2, 3, 4)

1- After years of fighting, the two leaders signed a peace

- 1) surrender 2) treaty 3) defeat 4) contact

2- There was a so that peace talks could be held.

- 1) survivor 2) ceasefire 3) revolution 4) concern

3- All of the were evacuated from the war zone, but the soldiers had to stay and fight.

- 1) forces 2) troops 3) civilians 4) military

4- Everyone laughed, but I'm afraid to say I didn't get the

- 1) impression 2) shock 3) joke 4) problem

5- I'm not getting with this paperwork. It's too difficult to understand.

- 1) anywhere 2) by 3) behind 4) somewhere

6- My sister, Jenny, and I get along very well. We have a very sincere

- 1) relations 2) relatives 3) relationship 4) related

7- The neighbors finally reached a on how to share the public park near their houses.

- 1) commitment 2) compromise 3) confusion 4) chaos

8- My brother is the black of the family.

- 1) skeleton 2) sheep 3) joint 4) bug

9- My has the same mother as I have, but a different father.

- 1) stepfather 2) stepbrother 3) half-brother 4) step-sister

10- Because of the ice storm, we will have to our trip until the roads are safe.

- 1) hasten 2) inactivate 3) postpone 4) initiate

11- My father and his friends often leave the city to go hunt game in areas.

- 1) residential 2) urban 3) noticeable 4) rural

12- Over the years, the museum has gathered a collection of artwork.

- 1) distributed 2) radical 3) vast 4) simulated

13- The lack of money is the biggest we face in opening our cupcake shop.

- 1) hindrance 2) appeal 3) consideration 4) deception

14- Kim has a lot of customer service experience because she was a waitress to opening her own cafe.

- 1) essential 2) relative 3) prior 4) predictive

15- Because I had to sit at a table with someone I, I did not enjoy the holiday dinner.

- 1) retained 2) detested 3) surpassed 4) exposed

16- In order for a business to, it must serve its users well.

- 1) prosper 2) vanish 3) carry 4) ensure

17- Marconi was the first to discover a use for radio waves.

- 1) athlete 2) contractor 3) villain 4) pioneer

18- The new drug can decrease the frequency and of the pain attacks.

- 1) hindrance 2) compression 3) severity 4) surplus

19- The government reacted passively against the economic changes.

- 1) exposed 2) unforeseen 3) majestic 4) confined

20- In many cases, local agencies have only a view of the situation in their area.

- 1) partial 2) temperate 3) harmful 4) sensitive

21- Some places in the region are too dry or too salty to support any

- 1) vegetation 2) expansion 3) humidity 4) pollution

22- The two wars had a effect on the United Kingdom's economy.

- 1) resigning 2) pacifying 3) preserving 4) devastating

23- Many people move from areas to cities to make a better life for themselves.

- 1) discarded 2) rural 3) arid 4) protected

24- I am always by the brain and how it works.

- 1) deprived 2) departed 3) fascinated 4) rewarded

25- Some areas of Earth are very lightly populated but others are quite
populated.

- 1) flexibly 2) attractively 3) densely 4) illegally

Section Two: Structure Part One

Read the following sentences. In each sentence, choose the number of the underlined word or group of words that is NOT correct.

26- He got his sister read₁ his assignment, and then asked₂ her to write₃ a report for₄ him, too.

27- Irene and Jack send e-mail messages to other often.
1 2 3 4

28- I know we do often argue, but this time I am agree with you.

29- Almost of all my friends don't have enough money to buy a house. That's why we have to rent flats.

30- I used to living in a big house in the country but now I have a small city flat.

31- Despite of her hard work, she did not pass.

32- The meeting was postponed because of the chairman was ill.

33- She has no money to buy food with which.

34- I once heard him to play the piano.
1 2 3 4

35- I don't mind in the₁ least if you don't come as long₂ as you give to₃ me some advance warning.
4

36- I told the salesman that I was not interesting in buying the latest model.

37- He used work for a multinational corporation when he lived in Australia.

38- Mike will spend his vacation neither in China or Japan.
 1 2 3 4

39- Each day after school, Robert run five miles.

40- Marie intends to finishing her own software in a few years.
1 2 3 4

41- When our vacation, we plan to spend five days in the country.
1 2 3 4

42- Magnesium, the lightest of our structural metals, has an important place among common engineering materials because of their weight.
1 2 3 4

43- If I have paid more attention, I wouldn't have hurt myself.
1 2 3 4

44- Hummingbirds move their wings so rapid that they appear to be hanging in the air.
1 2 3 4

45- Although maple trees are among the most colorful varieties in the fall, they lose its leaves sooner than oak trees.
1 2 3 4

46- If he catches a fish, he ought be very happy.
1 2 3 4

47- She always drinks many water every day.
1 2 3 4

48- I go to the store and I bought milk yesterday.
1 2 3 4

49- He has been playing football since ten years.
1 2 3 4

50- He is playing football every Tuesday and Thursday.
1 2 3 4

51- New synthetic materials have improved the construction of artificial body parts by provide both the power and the range of action for a natural limb.
1 2 3 4

52- She told me that she'd rather not to serve in our school committee due to a number of personal issues.
1 2 3 4

53- Psychologists believe that incentives make us wanting to try harder to reach our goals.
1 2 3 4

54- In order to receive a meal, the chef must get all his experiences appraise.
1 2 3 4

55- If you warned me, I would not have told your father about the accident.
1 2 3 4

Section Two: Structure Part Two

In each of the following sets of sentences, three sentences are grammatically correct and one sentence is not grammatical. Identify the incorrect sentence and mark your answer sheet.

56-

- 1) We have never seen a race end like this.
- 2) The first hot air balloon was launched in 1782.
- 3) She hope to find one of that new jobs.
- 4) They made temporary camps along the coast.

57-

- 1) This created an economic crises.
- 2) It is hard to learn new skateboard tricks.
- 3) He believed they were destroying it.
- 4) To test this idea, we need your help.

58-

- 1) Work and play are important to Japanese children.
- 2) All the houses on the 3rd Street were exact like.
- 3) Exercise helps to reduce the risk of some diseases.
- 4) American Indians believed no person could own land.

59-

- 1) This whole process is what causes hair to grow.
- 2) That is because no one knows for sure if he really lived.
- 3) It happens most often during the hottest, driest seasons.
- 4) Inside the box was too matching wedding rings.

60-

- 1) The White House completed after he died.
- 2) He felt like he could not make it stop.
- 3) What is surprising is what they found next.
- 4) In fact, Kevin is a terrible cook.

61-

- 1) They demanded that the Indians stay off their land.
- 2) They built fences for keep people and animals out.
- 3) News organizations paid for part of the cost of the work.
- 4) I hope we blend in and do not look like tourists.

62-

- 1) She and her twin brother Noah are 10 years old.
- 2) A limited number of tours are available.
- 3) She grow pink tomatoes that tasted sweet.
- 4) He is an information technology professional .

63-

- 1) George Catlin put together a collection of their paintings.
- 2) In these nomadic cultures, women were usually the weavers.
- 3) Walking is also said to be less damaging to the knees and feet.
- 4) Desert plants and animals has adapted with little water.

64-

- 1) Almost everyone knows about the risks of distracted driving.
- 2) Demand for smaller cars continues to redefine the auto industry.
- 3) Falling raindrops sadly evaporate before it reach the sand.
- 4) If you believe in yourself enough, you can achieve anything.

65-

- 1) These cells receive nutrition from the blood supply under the skin.
- 2) Newton also developed one of most powerful tool of mathematic.
- 3) Tsunamis are long waves that can travel great distances very quickly.
- 4) He said it could drill holes faster than twelve men working together.

Section Three: Reading Comprehension

Directions: Read the passages and choose the one best answer, (1) , (2), (3) or (4), for each question.

Passage 1

Desertification is the process in which farmland becomes less productive because the land is degraded. The land becomes more desert-like, that is, dry and unproductive. Desertification is a serious problem because it turns arid and semiarid areas into nonproductive wasteland. In desertification, natural vegetation is removed or destroyed, and soil is **exposed** to wind. Without shade from the sun, the moisture

in the soil evaporates more quickly. The dry top layers of soil particles then blow away. The soil becomes less able to support plant life.

There are different solutions to the growing problem of desertification. Each depends on the underlying cause. Some simple solutions are to build sand fences that interrupt the wind, or to use straw mats to reduce evaporation so young plants can take root. Still **another** is to use solar ovens in place of open fires that require firewood. Planting tree fences and grass belts also reduces the spread of sandy areas. This practice is being used in China and Africa today.

66- Paragraph 1 mainly discusses the

- 1) natural vegetation of deserts
- 2) process of desertification
- 3) importance of fertile land
- 4) soil of the desert areas

67- The word "exposed" in line 5 is closest in meaning to

- 1) given
- 2) moved
- 3) lost
- 4) laid open

68- Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

- 1) A description of problems following by examples
- 2) A random presentation of facts about desertification
- 3) A description of desertification and its solutions
- 4) A presentation of contrasting ideas

69- It can be inferred from paragraph 2 that wind

- 1) can lead to desert extension
- 2) reduces the use of firewood
- 3) increases the amount of rain
- 4) reduces natural vegetation

70- The word "another" in line 11 refers to

- 1) solution
- 2) plant
- 3) root
- 4) firewood

Passage 2

Immigrants have added much richness to American culture. But living in such a diverse country also has its difficulties. For example, immigrants tend to settle in cities where they can find other people from their homeland. As a result, some cities end up with high percentages of immigrants, many of whom do not speak English. These people face limited employment options and are more likely to live in poverty.

Diversity also affects education. Most immigrant children learn to speak and read English, but that learning does not happen **overnight**. In some places, such as California, teachers have classes in which students speak several different languages. Teaching such a group English-or any other subject-can be a tough job.

Finally, diversity sometimes leads to debate. Many people say that the United States is a **melting pot**. By **that**, they mean that over time, people who come to the United States adopt a uniform American culture. In recent times, some people have **objected to** that idea. They believe that a person does not have to give up his or her language or customs to be an American. Instead, they like to describe the United States as a quilt or a mosaic, in which many individual pieces make up the whole but still remain unique.

71- The passage mainly discusses

- 1) the challenges of diversity in the U.S.
- 2) the modern American society
- 3) the national origins of immigrants
- 4) the effect of immigration on the American economy

72- According to paragraph 1, some cities have the highest percentages of immigrants because immigrants tend to settle in areas where

- 1) they are safe from social tensions
- 2) they can find more job opportunities
- 3) other people speak their language
- 4) other people welcome their beliefs

73- It can be inferred from paragraph 1 that if the newcomers want to gain employment in the U.S., they need to

- 1) have high working knowledge
- 2) be able to speak English
- 3) integrate into American culture
- 4) reside in smaller cities

74- The word "overnight" in line 7 is closest in meaning to

- 1) in the dark
- 2) in a short time
- 3) slowly
- 4) out of school

75- It can be inferred from paragraph 2 that California is one of the states with

- 1) poorly trained teachers
- 2) highly populated classes
- 3) high percentage of immigrants
- 4) low standards of education

76- In paragraph 3, the author

- 1) describes the benefits immigrants have for the American society
- 2) explains why immigrants prefer to adopt the American culture
- 3) discusses the causes of immigration to the United States
- 4) presents two contrasting views on immigration assimilation

77- The author uses the expression "melting pot" in line 11 to refer to the

- 1) unfavorable climate conditions in the United States
- 2) difficulties of living in the United States
- 3) integration of newcomers into American culture
- 4) positive attitudes and reactions toward immigrants

78- The word "that" in line 11 refers to

- 1) melting pot
- 2) debate
- 3) diversity
- 4) culture

79- The word "objected to" in line 13 is closest in meaning to

- 1) formed
- 2) disagreed
- 3) backed
- 4) affected

80- Those who describe the United States as a quilt believe that immigrants

- 1) play no role in the American society
- 2) should be provided with more job options
- 3) need to be separated from the American people
- 4) can keep their own customs and languages

Passage 3

Plato in the Timaeus first mentioned a legendary island in the Atlantic Ocean beyond the Pillars of Hercules. Atlantis was a fabulously beautiful and prosperous land, the seat of an empire nine thousand years before Solon. Its inhabitants overran part of Europe and Africa, Athens alone being able to defy them. Because of the impiety of its people, the island was destroyed by an earthquake and inundation. The legend may have existed before Plato and may have sprung from the concepts of Homer's Elysium. The possibility that such an island once existed has caused much speculation, resulting in a theory that pre-Columbian civilizations in America were established by colonists from the lost island.

81- Which of the following titles best explains the ideas of this passage?

- 1) A Persistent Myth
- 2) Geography According to Plato
- 3) Buried Civilization
- 4) The First Discoverers of America

82- According to the passage, we may safely conclude that the inhabitants of Atlantis

- 1) were known personally to Homer
- 2) were ruled by Plato for some time
- 3) protested against the destruction of their island
- 4) left no recorded evidence of their civilization

83- According to the legend, Atlantis was destroyed because the inhabitants

- 1) failed to obtain an adequate food supply
- 2) destroyed Greece
- 3) did not respect their gods
- 4) believed in Homer's Elysium

84- According the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

- 1) Atlantis was located beyond the Pillars of Hercules
- 2) Atlantis existed nine thousand years ago
- 3) Atlantis was the seat of an empire before Solon
- 4) Atlantis was destroyed because of its impious people

85- From the last sentence of the passage it can be inferred that

- 1) American was discovered by Columbus from Atlantis
- 2) Existence of Atlantis is merely and assumption
- 3) Pre-Columbian civilizations were definitely established in Atlantis
- 4) Atlantis was the origin of the theory about the existence of America

Section Four: Cloze Passages

Read the following passages and fill in the blanks with the most appropriate choice.

Passage 1

At the age of six, Goran Kropp climbed his first mountain. Twenty-three years later, he tackled one of the highest mountains in the world, Mount Everest. His journey to the top shows just how independent, persistent, and determined this ... (86) ... man is.

While most people arrive at the foothills of Mount Everest by some sort of modern vehicle, Kropp ... (87) ... 7,000 miles from his home in Sweden. Traveling by bike was not easy. Bumpy, rough roads caused ... (88) ... problems for Kropp, and he stopped many times to repair his bike. In addition, he was chased by dogs, stung by hornets, and drenched by rain several times ... (89) ... he arrived at the base of the mountain.

Kropp chose to climb Mount Everest the same way he traveled to the mountain: without the help of others and without modern conveniences. ... (90) ... others, Kropp climbed the mountain without a guide or helper. He did not bring bottled oxygen to help him breathe at high altitudes and carried all ... (91) ... gear himself in a pack that weighed about 140 pounds.

It took Kropp two tries to reach the summit. The first time, he had to turn back only 350 feet ... (92) ... the top because the weather was too dangerous. Just a few

days ...(93)..., at that same level, eight climbers had died when a sudden ...(94)... hit the mountain. Kropp waited out the storm, rested, and tried again a few days later. This time, he was successful. When he ...(95)... descending the mountain, he got back on his bike and rode the 7,000 miles back to Sweden.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 86- 1) ordinary | 2) hopeless | 3) remarkable | 4) peaceful |
| 87- 1) ran | 2) bicycled | 3) walked | 4) sailed |
| 88- 1) mental | 2) breathing | 3) physiological | 4) mechanical |
| 89- 1) before | 2) after | 3) as soon as | 4) meanwhile |
| 90- 1) Like | 2) In addition to | 3) Unlike | 4) As |
| 91- 1) him | 2) his | 3) that | 4) its |
| 92- 1) of | 2) for | 3) from | 4) at |
| 93- 1) earlier | 2) later | 3) away | 4) more |
| 94- 1) snowstorm | 2) earthquake | 3) flood | 4) lightning |
| 95- 1) was finished | 2) was finishing | 3) would finish | 4) had finished |

Passage 2

From earliest time, people have moved to new locations. This process of ...(96)... to a new region is called migration. A person ...(97)... leaves one country to settle in ...(98)... is called an immigrant. Population geographers often talk about push-pull factors when ...(99)... study migration. The ...(100)... factors are the reasons that cause people to leave and area. Pull factors are the reasons that attract people to another area. For example a group may decide to move to a better location after their crops fail for several years.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| 96- 1) adapting | 2) relocating | 3) giving | 4) preceding |
| 97- 1) who | 2) while | 3) whom | 4) as |
| 98- 1) counties | 2) cities | 3) others | 4) another |
| 99- 1) you | 2) we | 3) they | 4) scientists |
| 100- 1) loyal | 2) push | 3) correct | 4) pull |