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بخش پنجم ۵						
	راهنمایی: این بخش، مربوط به سؤالهای آزمون زبان انگلیسی ــ عمومی است.					
PART A: Grammar						
_	Directions: Select the answer choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.					
100000000000000000000000000000000000000				보이지 그리를 하면서 하면서 없는 사람들이 되었다. 그런 그리고 그리고 있다면 하다. 그 모양하다	at best comple	tes the blank.
Tł	nen mark th	e correct choic	e on your an	보이지 그리를 하면서 하면서 없는 사람들이 되었다. 그런 그리고 그리고 있다면 하다. 그 모양하다		
Tł	A lot of te	eachers are pro	e on your an	swer sheet.	ones in classes	
Tł	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo	eachers are pro	e on your an	swer sheet.	ones in classes t allow	
TH	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo 3) to us th Let's tur	eachers are proton. Dwing not lat we do not our attention	posing	wer sheet	ones in classes t allow allow the famed "	because they're
TH	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo 3) to us th Let's tur	eachers are proton. owing not lat we do not our attention. in the At	posing	wer sheet cell ph 2) that we no 4) to us not to tory of Atlantis, thousands of year	ones in classes t allow allow the famed " rs ago.	because they're
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131- 132-	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo 3) to us th Let's tur 1) that is s 3) said it h The plan t	eachers are proton. owing not the at we do not the attention in the Attention and been existing build an extention out the action of the acti	posing on to the solantic Ocean	2) that we no 4) to us not to tory of Atlantis, thousands of year 2) where it is 4) which is sa ail system is	ones in classes t allow allow the famed " rs ago. said to exist aid to have exis	because they're
131- 132-	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo 3) to us th Let's tur 1) that is s 3) said it h The plan t 1) a citize:	eachers are proton. owing not the at we do not the attention. in the Attention in the Attention and been existed the build an extention in the attention build an extention build an e	posing on to the solantic Ocean	2) that we no 4) to us not to tory of Atlantis, thousands of year 2) where it is 4) which is sa ail system is 2) initiating of	t allow allow the famed " rs ago. said to exist aid to have exis	because they're
131- 132- 133-	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo 3) to us th Let's tur 1) that is s 3) said it h The plan t 1) a citizens	eachers are proton. owing not the at we do not the attention in the Attention and been existing to build an extention our initiated one as by initiating to	posing on to the stantic Ocean ng	2) that we no 4) to us not to tory of Atlantis, thousands of year 2) where it is 4) which is sa ail system is 2) initiating of 4) one to be i	ones in classes t allow allow the famed " rs ago. said to exist aid to have exis one by citizens nitiating by citi	because they're lost continent" ted
131- 132-	A lot of te a distracti 1) our allo 3) to us th Let's tur 1) that is s 3) said it h The plan t 1) a citizens	eachers are proton. owing not the at we do not the attention in the Attention and been existing to build an extention our initiated one as by initiating to	posing on to the stantic Ocean ng	2) that we no 4) to us not to tory of Atlantis, thousands of year 2) where it is 4) which is sa ail system is 2) initiating of	ones in classes t allow allow the famed " rs ago. said to exist aid to have exis one by citizens nitiating by citi	because they're lost continent" ted

3) If only
4) I wish

135 A major goal in the development of these books has been to m

- 1) as resources for reference and self-study
- 2) for reference and self-study as resources are
- 3) the resources are for reference and self-study
- 4) they are used as resources for reference and self-study
- 136-, the elephant died yesterday in her enclosure, despite all the efforts made by zookeepers.
 - 1) Suffered for so long

- 2) For so long suffered
- 3) By suffering for so long
- 4) Having suffered for so long
- 137- had the magnificent Palace of Versailles built; however, the cost was so great that the people of France were angered.
 - 1) That King Louis xiv

- 2) King Louis xiv who
- 3) King Louis xiv that he
- 4) It was King Louis xiv who

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(5	5 5 612 1	$B \left(\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ \end{array} \right)$				
138-		leclined was on loans was so				
	high.	AVA 5.4 C.S. V.S.				
	1) the interest rate	2) that the interest rate				
120	3) the interest rate that	4) because of the interest rate				
139-	Aspirin, common name for acetylsalicylic acid, is widely used like a					
	drug for alleviating pain. 1) that is	2) whose				
	3) the	4) being				
140-	Being ingrained in many challenge	,				
110	a mechanical engineering	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1				
	1) means	2) which mean				
	3) meaning	4) so that it means				
PAR	T B: Vocabulary					
Di	rections: Select the answer choice (1), (2	2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank.				
	en mark the correct choice on your answ					
		we Misse by eather models.				
141-	We will have to repeat the experiment be	ecause the results were not				
	1) equivocal	2) credulous				
	3) conclusive	4) spontaneous				
142-	The doctor's medical license was	after it was discovered that, out of				
		with illnesses they didn't have and pocketed				
	insurance money for performing proced	and the first of the same of the contraction of the				
	1) overlooked	2) revoked				
	3) diminished	4) belittled				
143-		ed the company for feedback				
	to help her with future employment.	2) Comagagabla				
	unexceptional hierarchical	foresceable constructive				
144	and the second s	· · ·				
177-	4- Although I tried to pay you a compliment, you have unfortunately decided my words as an insult.					
	1) adopt	2) construe				
	3) contribute	4) qualify				
145-		but they did not graduate at the same time.				
	1) simultaneously	2) interchangeably				
	3) symmetrically	4) chronologically				
146-	Though we are in on what our goals should be, we differ on the					
	means for achieving them.					
	1) monotony	2) accord				
	3) homogeneity	4) jeopardy				
147-		d there appears to be little in the way of				
	ground between the two					
	1) similar	2) clear				
	3) slippery	4) middle				

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_	/ \	\				
148-	The main dish had little flavor, but 1 made it more by adding condiments.					
	1) affordable		2) unrecog	nizable		
	3) palatable		4) memora	ble		
149-	In our to leave for our camping trip we'd long been looking forward					
	to, we actually forgot to bring our tent.					
	1) haste		2) scheme			
	3) apathy		4) collabor	ation		
150-	Any dispute over finances is likely to sour the relationship to the of both parties.					
	1) intensity		2) detrime	nt		
	3) barrier		4) isolation	1		

PART C: Reading Comprehension

Directions: Read the following two passages and select the choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best answers each question. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Passage 1:

In a country where government and families alike are tightening their belts and trying to make do with less, you could be pardoned for thinking that private education would be in a bit of a jam right now. And yet, although fees at independent schools in Britain have approximately doubled over the last two and a half decades, pupil numbers are the highest since records started in 1974. Although there are numerous reasons why parents might choose to fork out an average of £12,500 per year on their child's education, there is one which stands out more than any other: their reputation for getting their students into clite universities, such as the Ivy League colleges and Britain's most prestigious universities: Oxford and Cambridge.

Private schools with experience in these admissions processes run like well-oiled machines. Their informed careers advisers have in-depth tactical knowledge of which colleges would best suit each candidate, and help them to edit their personal statements to reflect the qualities that elite universities are looking for. Interview training sessions guide young applicants through an interview system which has been described as being 'more reminiscent of an old-boy network than justice for society'. Those with family members and teachers who have successfully gone through the admissions process are at a considerable advantage to those who are the first to apply among their social group.

Consequently, the social mix of students at the top universities remains sadly biased towards the rich and privately educated—although thanks to increasing numbers of bursaries providing free private school education to academically gifted youngsters, it is possible to be <u>one</u> without the other. Even so, the fact is that 7% of British children go to private schools, while more than 40% of the intake at Oxford and Cambridge is privately educated, and this statistic depicts a worryingly skewed trend. The proportion matters because, although there are obviously plenty of other universities offering excellent study programs, an Oxbridge or Ivy-League degree undoubtedly enhances employability in the ruling professions. According to recent studies by the UK educational charity "The Sutton Trust", over 30% of leading professionals in the United Kingdom, including almost 80% of

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lawyers, 47% of highflyers in financial services and 41% of top journalists attended Oxford or Cambridge.

- 151- What is the best title for the passage?
 - 1) Unfair Education in Britain
- 2) Moribund Education Standards
- 3) Social Class Immobility in Britain
- 4) Fewer Opportunities for Everyone
- 152- What is the phrase "in a bit of a jam" in paragraph 1 closest in meaning to?
 - 1) overwhelmed with demand
- 2) under severe attack
- 3) in a difficult situation
- 4) on its last legs
- - 1) because of such schools' flexibility in adjusting their curricula to the changing demands of the job market
 - 2) that elite universities' admissions policies are intentionally skewed towards students from wealthy backgrounds
 - 3) that this way their children's future career opportunities could be somehow guaranteed
 - 4) because of such schools' reputation for having influence over prestigious universities
- 154- The word "one" in paragraph 3 refers to
 - 1) private school

2) gifted youngsters

3) bursary

- 4) top university
- 155- Why has the author mentioned the statistics reported by "The Sutton Trust"?
 - 1) To further support the quality of the education offered by elite universities
 - 2) To introduce another reason for the popularity of private schools
 - 3) To clarify the link between tertiary education and employability
 - 4) To support an earlier assertion

Passage 2:

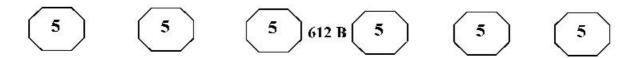
The James Webb Space Telescope has an expected mass about half of Hubble Space Telescope's, but its primary mirror, a 6.5 m (21 ft) diameter gold-coated beryllium reflector will have a collecting area over six times as large, 25.4 m² (273 sq ft), using 18 hexagonal mirrors with 0.9 m² (9.7 sq ft) obscuration for the secondary support struts.

JWST is designed primarily for near-infrared astronomy, but can also see orange and red visible light, as well as the mid-infrared region, depending on the instrument. The design emphasizes the near to mid-infrared for three main reasons: first, high-redshift objects have their visible emissions shifted into the infrared, second, cold objects such as debris disks and planets emit most strongly in the infrared, and finally, this band is difficult to study from the ground or by existing space telescopes such as Hubble.

Ground-based telescopes must look through Earth's atmosphere, which is opaque in many infrared bands. Even where the atmosphere is transparent, many of the target chemical compounds, such as water, carbon dioxide, and methane, also exist in the Earth's atmosphere, vastly complicating analysis. Existing space telescopes such as Ilubble cannot study these bands since their mirrors are insufficiently cool — the Hubble mirror is

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maintained at about 15 °C (288 K; 59 °F) thus the telescope itself radiates strongly in the infrared bands.

JWST will operate near the Earth–Sun L2 (Lagrange point), approximately 1,500,000 km (930,000 mi) beyond Earth's orbit. By way of comparison, Hubble orbits 550 km (340 mi) above Earth's surface, and the Moon is roughly 400,000 km (250,000 mi) from Earth. This distance made post-launch repair or upgrade of JWST hardware virtually impossible with the spaceships available during the telescope design and fabrication stage. Objects near this Lagrange point can orbit the Sun in synchrony with the Earth, allowing the telescope to remain at a roughly constant distance and with constant orientation of the single heatshield and the Bus toward the Earth and the Sun to block heat and light from the Sun and Earth and maintain communications. This arrangement will keep the temperature of the spacecraft below 50 K (–223 °C; –370 °F), necessary for infrared observations.

156- Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

- 1) A phenomenon is mentioned and its features are delineated.
- 2) A phenomenon is identified and illustrations of this phenomenon offered.
- 3) A discovery is introduced and its implications for further research are discussed.
- 4) A physical description of a device is presented and the limitations of the device are briefly discussed.

157- All of the following are true about JWST except that

- 1) once placed where it should be, its repair, if ever needed, is almost out of the question
- 2) it will operate approximately 1,500,000 km (930,000 mi) beyond Earth's orbit
- 3) it is not primarily designed for the mid-infrared region
- 4) the area of its primary mirror is larger than 25.4 m²

158- Which of the following rhetorical devices is NOT used in the passage?

1) Cause and effect

2) Chronological time order

3) Contrast

4) Function description

159- According to the passage, how many kilometers should objects approximately be beyond Earth's orbit to be able to orbit the Sun in synchrony with the Earth?

1) 400,000

2) 550

3) 1,500,000

4) Between 550 and 400.000

160- Which of the following best describes the attitude toward the subject of the passage?

1) Scientific and detached

2) Tentative acceptance

3) Concerned but optimistic

4) Suspicious and cautious

This is the end of Section 5.